

ORGANIC AND BIODYNAMIC VITICULTURE ENHANCE BIODIVERSITY



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Organic vines and wine
advancement and challenges

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l'Organisation Internationale
de la Vigne et du Vin

 Funded by the
Erasmus+ Programme
of the European Union

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Importance of Biodiversity in viticulture

Sustainable management is one of the major challenges of agriculture and viticulture.

The micro- and macrofauna of vineyards

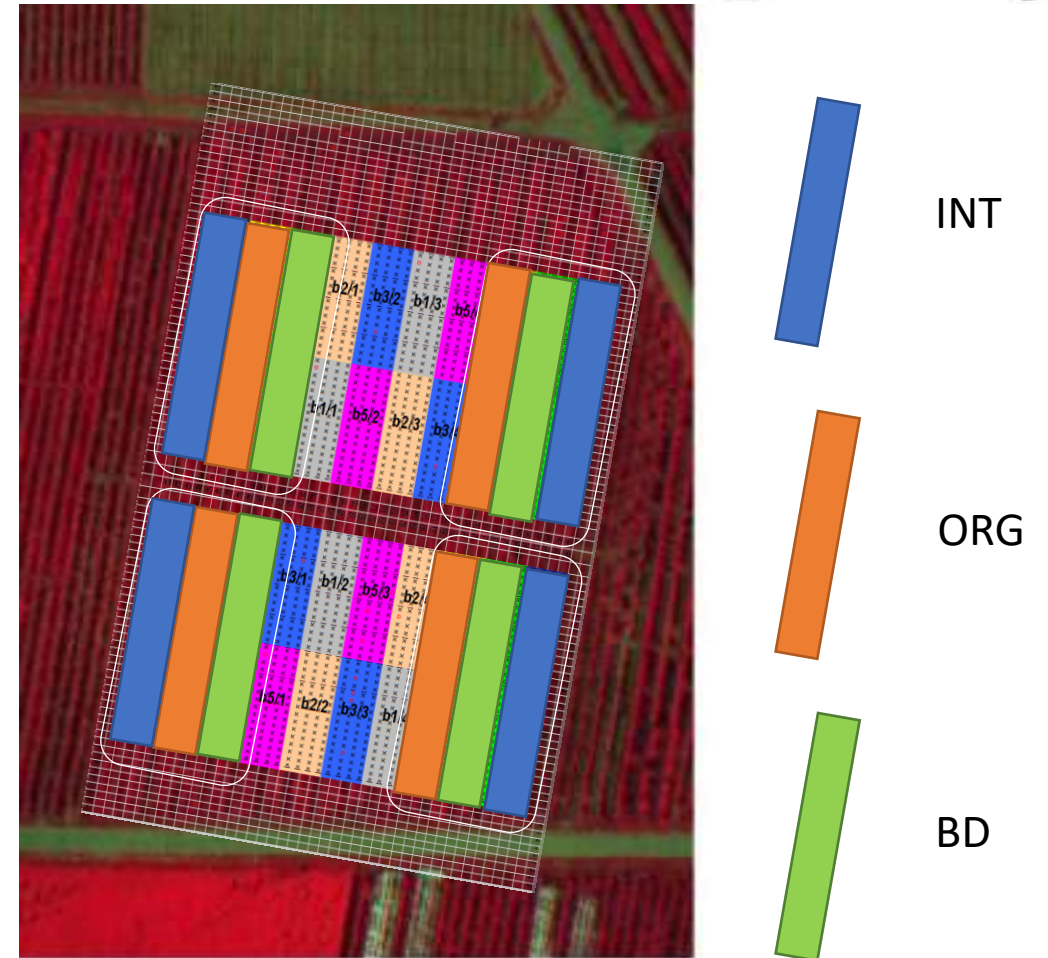
- are an important parts of terroir
- directly affect soil fertility, nutrient supply, presence of antagonists to pathogenic micro- and macroorganisms
- influence vine health, growth, yield, and winegrape quality

**Does organic and biodynamic viticulture
have an impact on biodiversity ?**

INBIODYN-trial Geisenheim since 2006

Trial setup

- Geisenheim/ Rheingau ($49^{\circ}59'$; $7^{\circ}56'$)
- Planted in 1991; ~ 1 ha
- Spacing of 2 m between rows
- Spacing of 1.2 m within rows
- VSP system
- Riesling Gm 198-30
- rootstocks: Börner, SO4 (randomly distributed)
- Soil: sandy/clayey loam
- 4 field replicates



INBIODYN-trial Geisenheim

Management systems:

- Integrated (INT) according to good agricultural practice
- ORG according to Regulations (EC) No. 834/07 and 889/08 and ECOVIN guidelines
- BD according to Regulations (EC) No. 834/07 and 889/08 and demeter standards



	integrated	organic	biodynamic
cover crop	sward (every 2 nd row cultivated)	multi-species mixture (every 2 nd row cultivated)	
under-vine-management	herbicides	mechanically	
fertilization	green waste compost + mineral fertilizers (according to N _{min} analysis)	farmyard manure + rolling or cultivation of cover crop	farmyard manure with biodynamic preparations (or cow pat pit preparation) + rolling or cultivation of cover crop
plant protection	systemic fungicides botryticides	copper (max. 3 kg/ha and year), wettable sulfur plant resistance improvers	
	mating disruption method against grape berry moth		
biodynamic preparations	-	-	horn manure, horn silica compost preparations

Biodiversity in vineyards - inter row

- Diverse cover crop mixtures for organic viticulture management systems



INBIODYN-trial Geisenheim

Legumes: 74%

Trifolium alexandrinum

Trifolium incarnatum

Vicia sativa

Melilotus alba

Onobrychis viciifolia

Medicago lupulina

Medicago sativa

Lotus corniculatus

Crucifers: 1%

Raphanus sativa

Sinapis alba

**Cover crop mixture
for organic viticulture** (by M.Wolff)

Herbs: 25%

Phacelia tanacetifolia

Coriandrum sativum

Centaurea jacea

Borago officinalis

Sanguisorba minor

Achillea millefolium

Daucus carota

Petroselinum sativum

*Fagopyrum
esculentum*

Calendula officinalis,

Malva sylvestris

Anethum graveolens

Carum carvi

Cichoricum intybus

Plantago lanceolata

*Anthoxanthum
vulneraria*

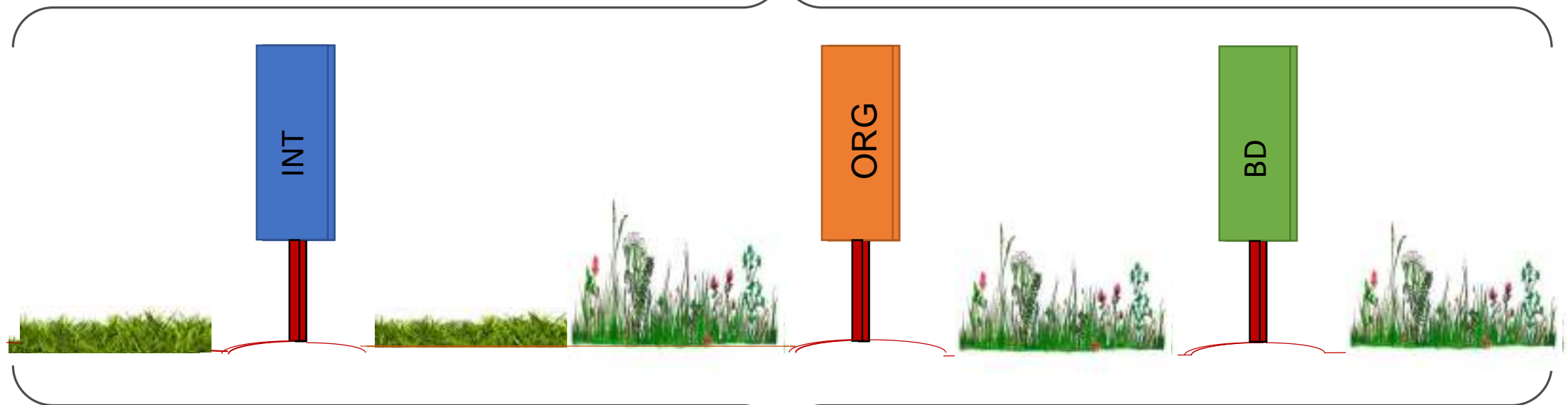


INBIODYN-trial Geisenheim

Assessment of soil microbial and arthropod biodiversity

Biodiversity of arthropods in cover crop and canopy (Freund 2008, Harnecker, Heim 2020)

Arthropod community (flying/soil living) + associated fungi (Agerbo Rasmussen et al. 2020)



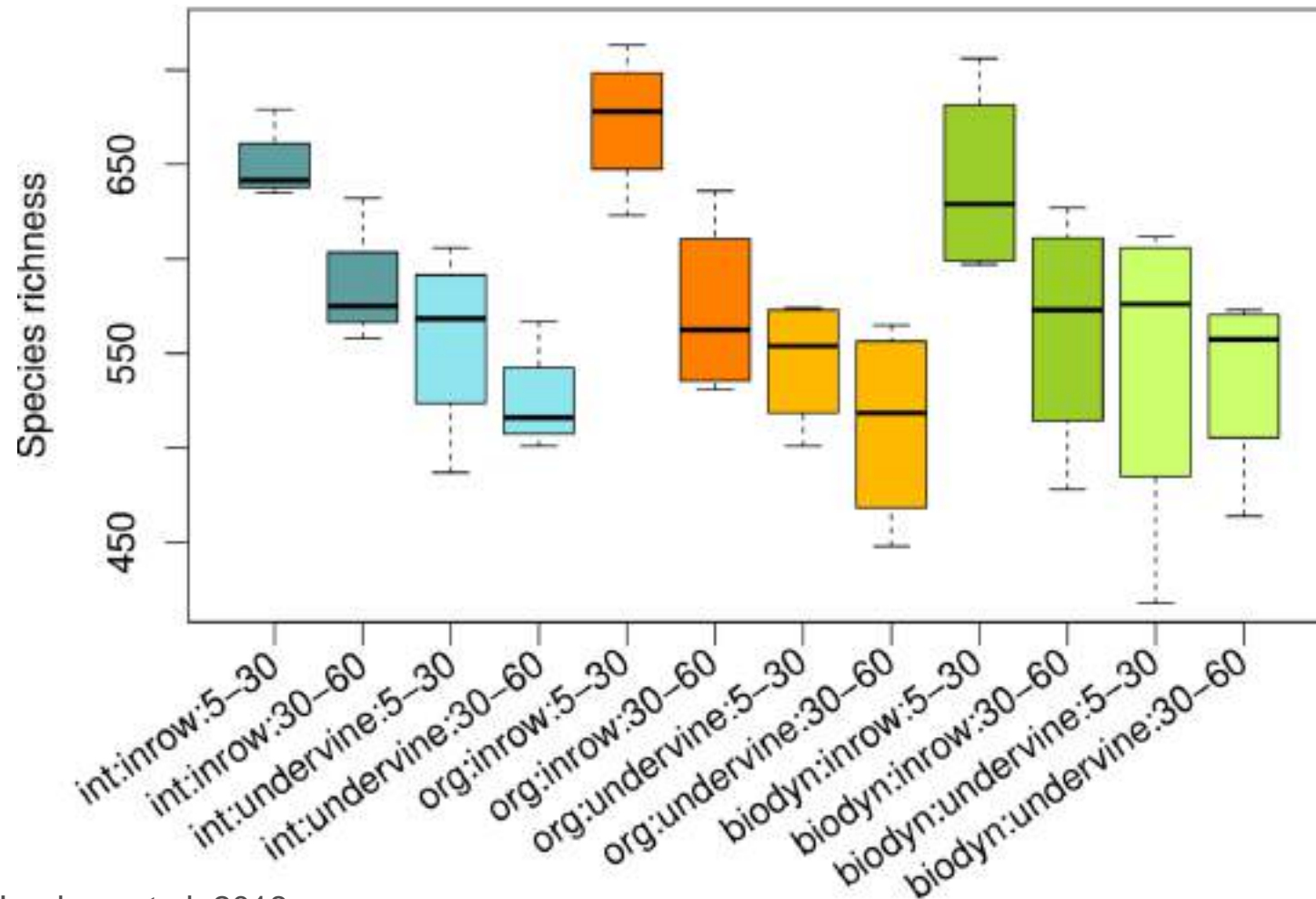
Earth worms in soil
(Schmiege 2007, Meissner 2015)

Fungal/ bacterial community in soil
(Hendgen et al. 2018)

Microbial biomass in soil (Di Giacinto et al. 2020)

INBIODYN trial - Fungal community in soil

Species richness of fungi in soil in August 2015 - **position and depth** (in row and under vine)

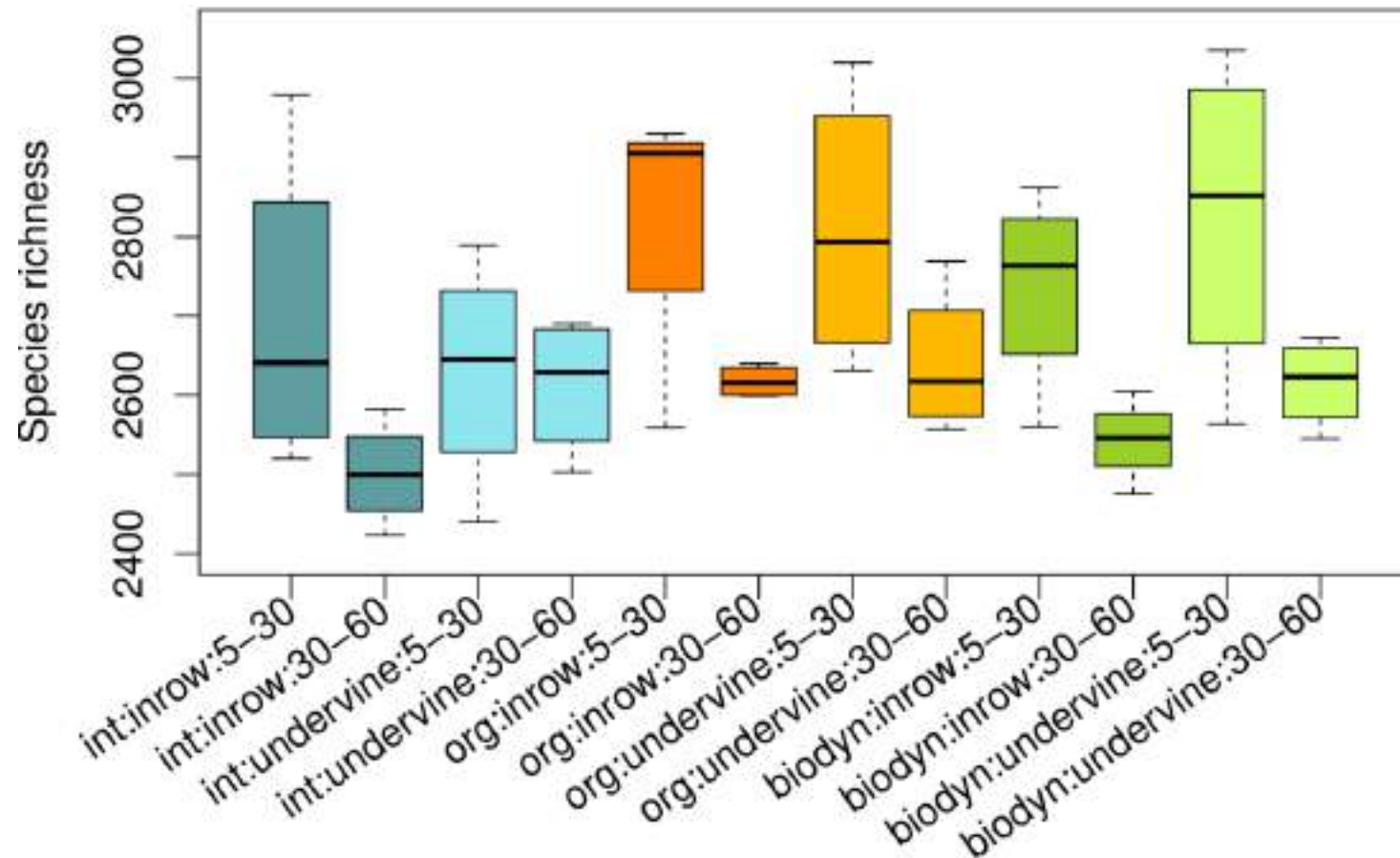


Results

- **management system:**
no difference
- **position:**
inrow significantly richer than undervine
- **depth:**
topsoil richer than subsoil

INBIODYN trial – Bacterial community in soil

Species richness of bacteria in soil in August 2015 - **position and depth** (in row and under vine)



Results

- **management system:**
org and biodynamic have more species compared to integrated
- **position:**
no differences
- **depth:**
topsoil in all systems has more species compared to subsoil

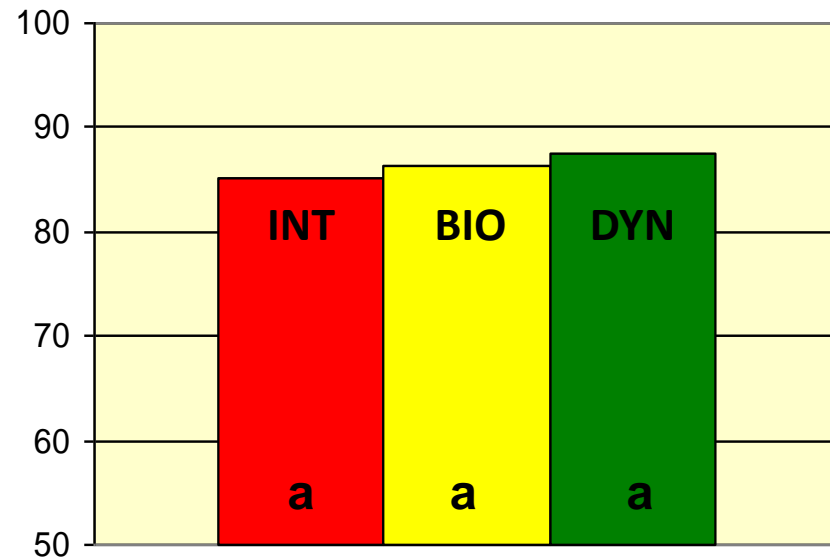
INBIODYN trial – Earthworms in soil



INBIODYN trial – Earthworms in soil

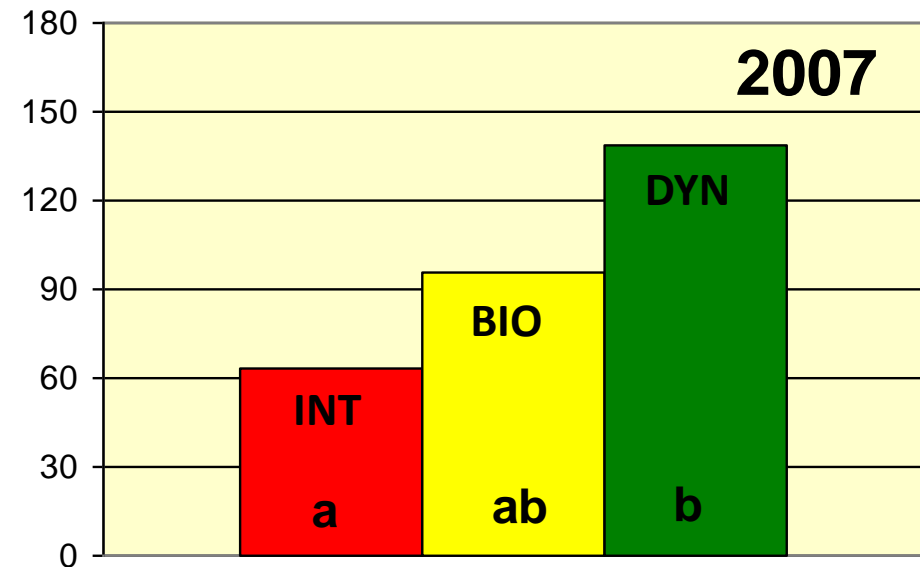
2007

[g/m²] Biomass



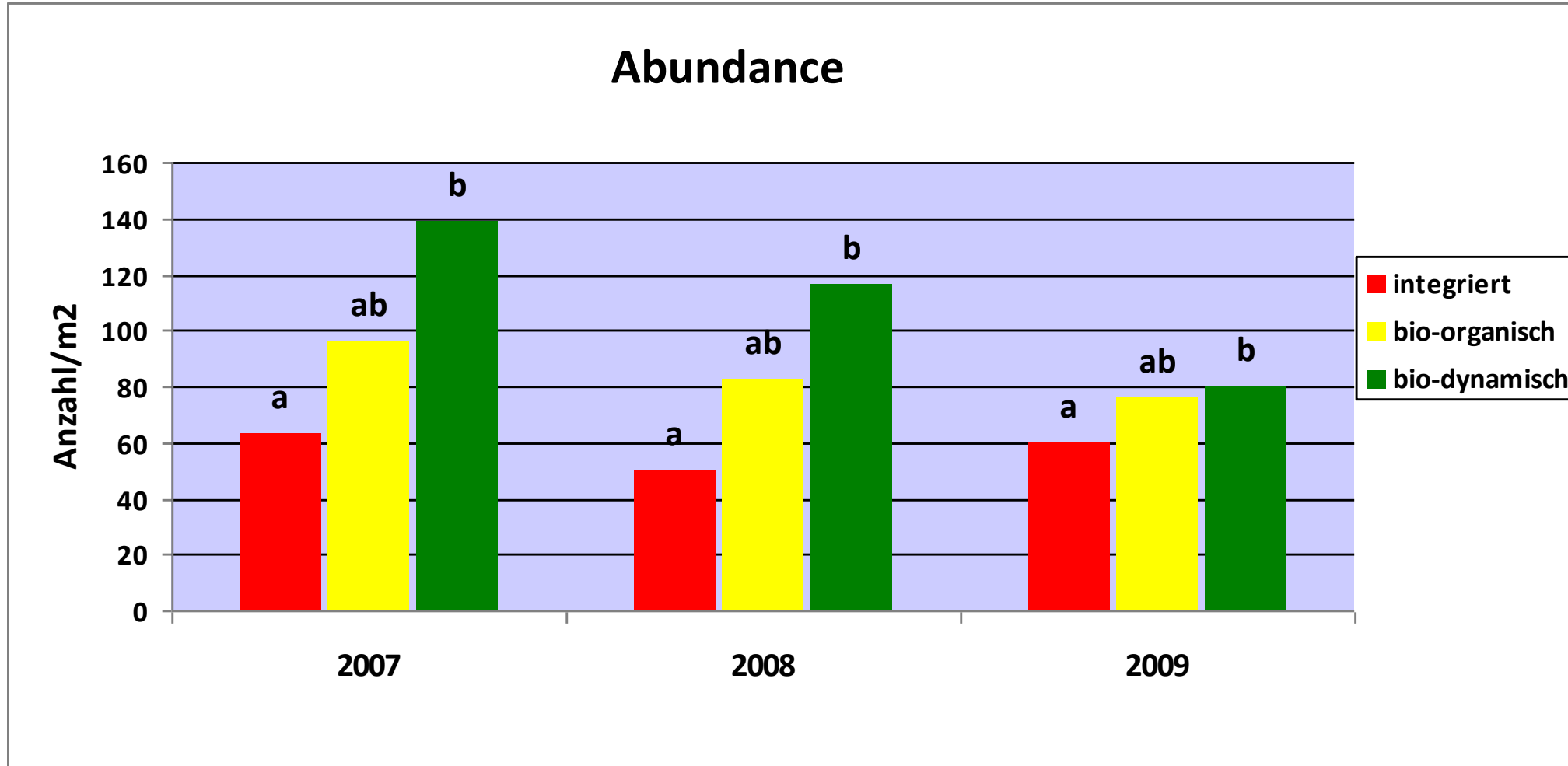
no significance

No./m² Abundance



Signifikanze

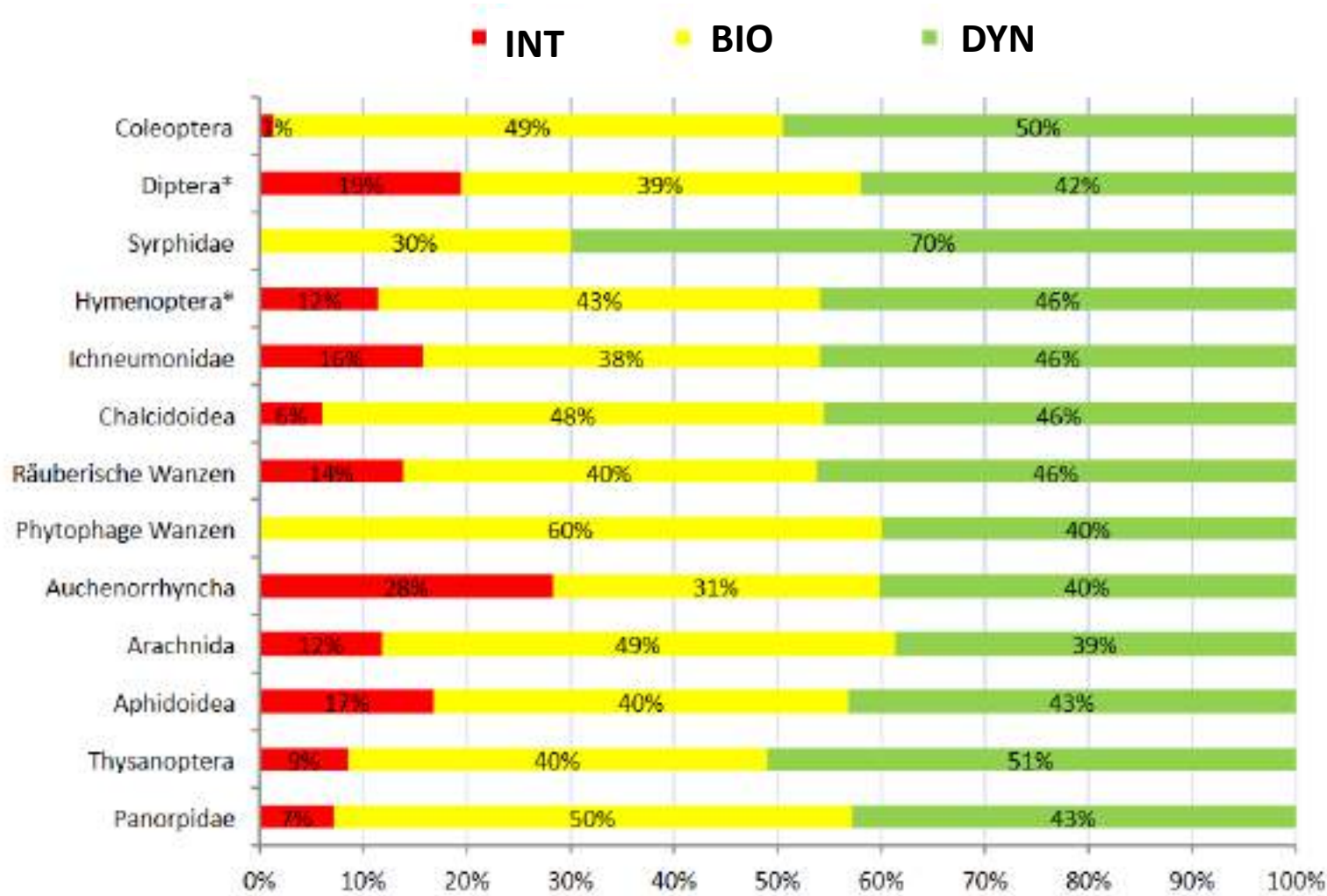
INBIODYN trial – Earthworms in soil



Biodiversity of arthropods, in the cover crop and in the canopy in 2008



INBIODYN trial – arthropods in cover crop

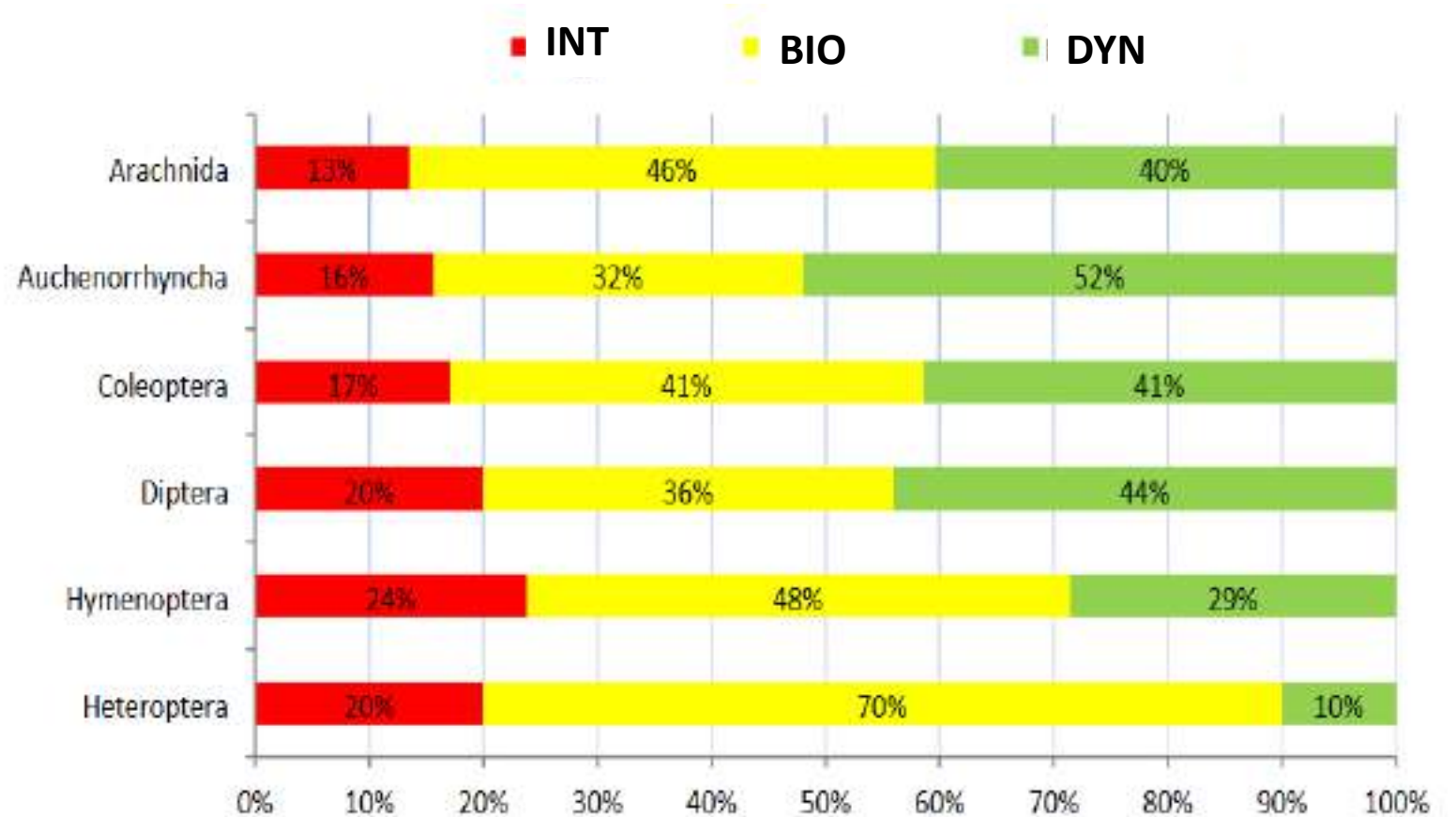


Result

- Arthropod abundance much higher in cover crop of organic viticulture systems in the 3rd year of conversion

Freund 2008

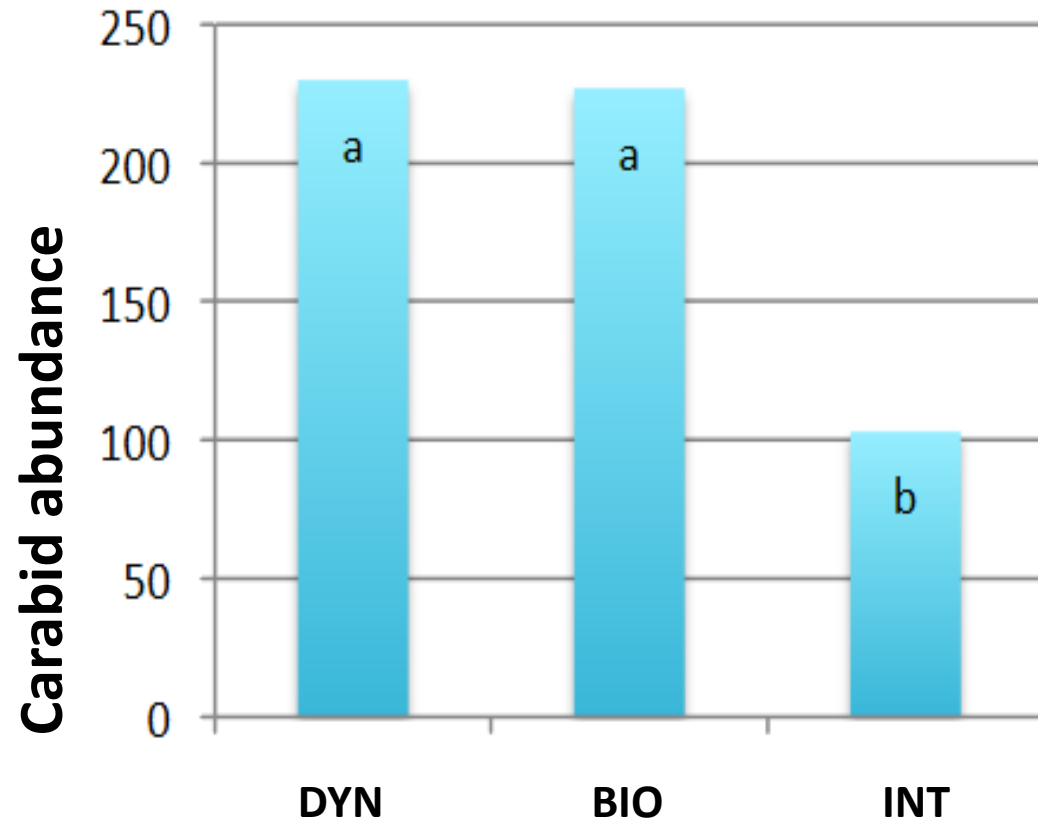
INBIODYN trial – arthropods in canopy



Result

- Arthropod abundance much higher in canopies of organic viticulture systems in the 3rd year of conversion

INBIODYN trial – carabids on soil



Result:

- Abundance of Carabids higher in organic viticulture systems compared to INT viticulture
- Biodiversity of carabis similar in all treatments

Biodiversity in vineyards ...



- ★ can be enhanced by organic and biodynamic viticulture management systems
- ★ can ensure vital and productive agroecosystems
- ★ buffers negative impacts, especially under changing climatic and environmental conditions

Literature cited

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13th July 2021 – Join us online !

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